APPENDIX D

EPA SITE INSPECTION PRIORITIZATION REPORT

SITE INSPECTION PRIORITIZATION REPORT AND PRESCORE PACKAGE DELTA SHIPYARD PHASE III HOUMA, LOUISIANA EPA ID NO.: LAD058475419

Prepared for:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region VI 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200 Dallas, Texas 75202-2733

Contract No.: 68-W9-0015
Work Assignment: 27-6JZZ
Document Control No.: 4603-27-0229

Submitted by:

Roy F. Weston, Inc. 5599 San Felipe, Suite 700 Houston, Texas 77056 (713) 621-1620

Peter M. Rung/Robert B. Beck, P.E.

December 1994

INTRODUCTION

Roy F. Weston, Inc. (WESTON₀) is pleased to present this report, which summarizes the results of the file review and PREscore package completed for the Delta Shipyard (DS) site (LAD058475419) in Houma, Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana. WESTON was tasked by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region VI (EPA VI) to review existing file information and gather additional information (Phase III activities) that would more accurately determine a site score for the DS site. This effort is part of the Site Inspection Prioritization (SIP) Work Assignment for various sites in EPA VI. The PREscore package for the site is attached as part of the report.

EPA established the SIP process to help assess known or potential hazardous waste sites, address first those sites that pose the greatest threat to human health and the environment, and standardize the criteria by which sites are evaluated within the Superfund program. Through the SIP, EPA reviews sites that generally have had a complete Site Inspection (SI) performed on them but that have not received a final decision regarding the need for further investigation or remediation. The outcome of the SIP indicates whether the available information for the site meets a minimum standard of evaluation reflecting the requirements of the revised Hazard Ranking System (HRS). The SIP process better enables EPA to determine if a site is likely to receive a score of 28.5 or above under the HRS, potentially making it a candidate for placement on the National Priorities List (NPL). If it is determined that the site will not score above the NPL threshold of 28.5, EPA is in a position to declare that the site evaluation, under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), has been accomplished.

SITE BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The DS site is located in Houma, Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana. The geographic coordinates of the site are approximately latitude 29°34'2" north and longitude 90°42'18" west. A Site Location Map is provided in Attachment 1 as Figure 1, and a Site Area Map is provided in Attachment 1 as Figure 2. The site can be reached by traveling south on Highway 90 into Houma until reaching East Main Street. Travel east on Main Street for approximately 1.8 miles and turn south on Howard Avenue. From Howard Avenue, travel south for approximately 2.2 miles until reaching Industrial Boulevard. Turn east and travel 0.5 mile. The site is on the south side of Industrial Boulevard.

WESTON contacted Lynn Dean of Elevated Boats Incorporated (EBI) (8404 Colonel Drive, Shelmett, Louisiana 70043), the present owner of the site, in May 1994. Kenneth Serigne, Department Manager for the EBI property, signed an EPA Access Agreement on 15 June 1994, allowing WESTON access to the DS site. Mr. Dean was reached at (504) 278-4200. Mr. Serigne was reached at (504) 868-9655. WESTON met with Mr. Serigne during the site reconnaissance and site sampling mission.

WESTON completed the SIP site reconnaissance on 12 July 1994. The 40-acre site is part of a large industrial park covering approximately 165 acres in southeastern Houma, Louisiana. The industrial park occupies land between a boat slip and Bayou La Carpe. Bayou La Carpe provides access to the Gulf of Mexico through the Houma Intercoastal Waterway. EBI purchased 110 acres of the park in 1985 and currently leases part of it to other industries. The site is surrounded by Gemoco to the north, Christie Industries to the southeast, and Offshore Diving, Salvaging, and Blasting Company to the west. EBI maintains an active fabrication plant/office building on-site.

DS owned the site prior to EBI; the year operations began at the site is unknown. DS consisted of a barge gas-freeing operation and a cleaning and repairing facility for small cargo vessels, fishing vessels, and oil barges. The gas-freeing operation was required because the vessels had to be certified vapor free by the U.S. Coast Guard before repair work could commence. As part of the gas-freeing process, the vessels were steam-cleaned and the oily wastes were removed. The generated oils and wastewater were sent through a separation process after which the waste oil was recovered and sold. Wastes were stored in surface impoundments on-site. Two small waste pits, located approximately 100 feet east of the fabrication building, were sampled and closed in 1984 under the supervision of the Louisiana Department of Environment Quality (LDEQ) Hazardous Waste Division. Two monitoring wells are reportedly located around the closed pits; however, during the site reconnaissance, only one could be located. The pits were reportedly used to dispose of waste oil and oil field drilling material. A Site Plan Map is provided in Attachment 1 as Figure 3.

The DS site contains old gas-stripping equipment (i.e., storage tanks, separator, boiler) left behind from the former operation. The two closed waste oil surface impoundments are now a parking lot used by EBI employees. Four larger pits are located approximately 800 feet south of the fabrication building and are surrounded by dense vegetation. One pit is located west and the other three are located east of Plant Shell Road. According to a Wink Engineering sampling report in 1985, the pit west of the road is actually three pits in series that have been covered over with fill material. For the purposes of this Phase III report, these pits are considered one single pit. The three pits east of the road are exposed and covered with a crusty black substance. At the time of the site reconnaissance, rainwater containing an oily sheen was pooled on the surface of the pits.

The groundwater, soil, and surface water migration pathways are of concern at the site because of possible hazardous constituents being released to these pathways.

Previous investigations at the DS site include the following:

- A Site Inspection (SI) by Ecology & Environment, Inc. on 11 March 1981.
- A SI by The Earth Technology Corporation on 12 September 1984.
- A sampling report by Wink Engineering in July 1985.

Phase III DATA

Additional site information resulting from Phase III SIP efforts (information/data gathering/site reconnaissance/sampling mission) is described below.

Identification and Location of Groundwater Wells

WESTON used file information from EPA VI and contacted the Louisiana Department of Transportation (LDOT) for information on water wells within a 1-mile radius of the site. LDOT files indicate several monitoring wells and 1 rig supply well are located within a 1-mile radius of the site. The rig supply well is plugged and abandoned. The closest wells are three monitoring wells located 2,000 feet to the northeast of the site. They are owned by Torch Energy and are completed in the Mississippi River Alluvial Aquifer Confining Unit. They were drilled in 1990 and range from 7 to 10 feet deep. A Water Well Location Map is provided in Attachment 1 as Figure 4.

Determination of Surface Water Intakes Within the Target Distance Limit

WESTON contacted Bryan Sampey, Plant Manager at the Houma District 3 Water Plant, to determine surface water intakes within the 15-mile stream-flow Target Distance Limit (TDL). The plant is located near the confluence of the Houma Navigational Canal and Bayou Black. Mr. Sampey stated that the Houma plant takes its water from the Houma Navigational Canal. The canal is tidally influenced and saltwater intrusion is a problem. The plant uses Bayou Black as a secondary source of water when saltwater intrusion occurs in the canal. According to Mr. Sampey, the plant serves an estimated 30,000 people. The plant lies 2.55 stream miles upstream of the PPE; however, the canal is tidally influenced and therefore contaminants from the DS site could possibly migrate towards the water plant.

Identification and Location of Wetlands and Sensitive Environments

Surface water runoff draining from the site flows into Bayou La Carpe. Bayou La Carpe enters the Houma Navigational Canal just south of the site. According to the Houma, Louisiana, 7.5-minute wetlands map, the Houma Navigational Canal is bordered by extensive wetland areas. A Surface Water Pathway Map is provided in Attachment 1 as Figure 5.

Site Accessibility

Based on the WESTON Phase III site reconnaissance and sampling mission, the site is fairly accessible to the general public by both vehicle and foot. However, the site is located in an industrial park and the land has little or no recreational value.

Determination of Population by Distance Rings

During the Phase III effort, WESTON determined the population within target distances using the Geographical Exposure Modeling System (GEMS) Database. According to GEMS, 15

people live within the 0.25- to 0.5-mile radius, 3,578 people live within the 0.5- to 1-mile radius, and 36,895 live within the 1- to 4-mile radius of the site.

Identification of Fisheries

WESTON contacted Gerald Adkins of the Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries (LDWF) to determine if fisheries existed within the 15-mile TDL. Bayou La Carpe and the Houma Navigational Canal are considered limited fisheries because of problems with saltwater intrusion and marine traffic. Adkins stated that at certain times of the year, some freshwater catfish and crab fishing takes place.

Sampling Information

In general accordance with the objectives of the SIP, WESTON implemented a sampling strategy primarily aimed at documenting the presence of hazardous substances at the DS site. WESTON collected soil and sediment samples at the site on 22 August 1994. WESTON completed the sampling activities in general accordance with the site-specific Task Work Plan and Health and Safety Plan. All samples collected during the SIP were shipped to EPA-designated laboratories by Federal Express Priority Overnight Service. Samples requiring organic analyses were sent to Keystone Lab, Houston, Texas, and samples requiring inorganic analyses were sent to Silver Valley Labs, Inc., Kellog, Indiana. CLP data package excerpts are provided in Attachment 4. The sampling activities and analytical results associated with the waste source characterization are summarized in this section of the report.

WESTON collected seven sediment samples (SED-1 through SED-7) and three soil samples (SS-1 through SS-3) in an effort to document the presence and migration of hazardous substances associated with the potential hazardous waste source areas (HWSAs) at the site. Sample locations are shown in Attachment 1 as Figure 6. SIP soil/sediment sample locations, descriptions, and rationales are summarized in Attachment 3 as Table 1.

The soil and sediment samples were analyzed for the following parameters:

- Volatile organic compounds (VOCs),
- Base, neutral, and acid extractable compounds (BNAs),
- Pesticide and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and
- Inorganic constituents and cyanide.

HRS SCORING

Preliminary PAscore

Using the data provided by EPA VI from Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and CERCLA files, WESTON developed a preliminary HRS score for the site using PAscore

(Version 2.0). The site received a PAscore of significant value to warrant evaluation of the site using PREscore. PREscore was used to develop and document the HRS score for the site in more detail.

PREscore

Factors that had the greatest influence on the Phase III PREscore evaluation are identified in the following sections. Conclusions concerning the site HRS score are presented following the discussion of factors affecting the PREscore. The Phase III PREscore package for the site is provided as Attachment 2.

WASTE SOURCE CHARACTERISTICS

The laboratory analytical results for soil samples SS-2 and SS-3 and sediment samples SED-1, SED-2, and SED-3 were collected from the pits during the SIP and can be used to characterize the potential HWSAs.

Four waste source areas were identified in the file review and site reconnaissance. They consist of four pits used to store waste oils from the DS ship cleaning and repair operation. Pit 4 is actually three pits according to a Wink Engineering report; however, the pits are aligned in series, covered over, and vegetated. For purposes of the Phase III report, they are designated together as Pit 4. The other three pits (1, 2, and 3) are exposed and covered by a black crusty substance. Pits 1, 2, and 3 are elevated and surrounded by a 3- to 6-foot berm. The four pits together have an approximated surface area of 294,000 square feet. The waste characteristics of the site were assessed for the groundwater, soil, and surface water exposure pathways.

Samples collected from the pits indicate the presence of volatiles, semivolatile organics, pesticides, and metals. Sediment analytical results reported at concentrations exceeding three times background concentrations are summarized in Attachment 3, Tables 2 and 3. Soil analytical results reported at concentrations three times background concentrations are summarized in Attachment 3, Table 4. The CLP data summary package is provided as Attachment 4 and photodocumentation is provided as Attachment 5.

Groundwater Pathway

WESTON did not collect any groundwater samples as part of this effort. As part of the monitoring well installation in 1984, soil borings were drilled at the site. The borings indicated low permeability silty clays to 50 feet below grade. No groundwater uses, domestic or industrial, were documented within a 1-mile radius of the site. The factors that most influenced the groundwater pathway Phase III score are as follows:

• LDOT information stating that there is no groundwater use within 1 mile of the site.

- The lack of analytical data to determine a release of hazardous wastes to groundwater in the vicinity of the site.
- The low permeability of the clay soils at the site.

Surface Water Pathway

The laboratory analytical results for sediment samples SED-4 through SED-7 collected during the SIP can be used to characterize the potential for contaminant migration in the surface water pathway. A drainage ditch runs along the west and south ends of Pits 1 through 3. An overflow pipe on Pit 2 drains rainwater from the pit into the ditch. Surface water draining from the pits follows the ditch approximately 0.3 mile until reaching the probable point of entry (PPE) at Bayou La Carpe. Bayou La Carpe flows approximately 4,000 feet south until reaching the Houma Navigational Canal. The Houma Navigational Canal is tidally influenced. Due to the tidal influence, two TDLs are assigned to the site, TDL-1 and TDL-2. TDL-1 is located approximately 2.55 miles upstream of the PPE at the water plant, the farthest point where saltwater intrusion has been documented. TDL-2 is located 15 miles downstream in the Houma Navigational Canal.

The Houma Water Plant is located at the confluence of Bayou Black and the Houma Navigational Canal, approximately 2.55 miles upstream of the site. Bryan Sampey, plant manager of the Houma Water Plant, stated that when saltwater intrusion becomes a problem at the surface water intake, the plant switches to Bayou Black for a water supply. The saltwater encroachment is typically seasonal. The plant reportedly serves 30,000 residents in the surrounding area. According to Gerald Adkins of LDWF, Bayou La Carpe and the Houma Navigational Canal are considered limited fisheries because of saltwater intrusion and marine traffic.

Sediment samples collected from the drainage ditch surrounding Pits 1 through 3 indicate the presence of several semivolatile organics and metals. Sediment analytical results reported at concentrations exceeding three times background concentrations are summarized in Attachment 3, Tables 2 and 3. A Surface Water Pathway Map is provided in Attachment 1 as Figure 5.

Soil Exposure Pathway

The site is situated near a residential area and is accessible to the public; however, there are no residences within 200 feet of on-site contamination. The site serves as an industrial park and has little or no recreational value. EBI maintains 20 workers on-site. The residents of Houma living within 1 mile of the site were scored as nearby individuals. The most important factors considered for the soil exposure pathway are as follows:

- The pits are accessible and there is a residential population within the nearby vicinity. However, no recreational activities were documented on-site.
- Several on-site workers are present in the industrial park.

Air Pathway

The air pathway was not evaluated as part of the Phase III effort due to lack of data; however, during the SIP quantitative air monitoring, no readings were measured at levels above background concentrations in the breathing space around the pits. Readings taken near the surface of the pits did exceed background concentrations.

Data Gaps

WESTON identified several data gaps during the file review and PREscore evaluation. Some of these data gaps were filled (as directed by EPA VI) during Phase III data collection; however, additional data gaps remain and may significantly affect the site score. The most critical remaining data gaps include the following:

- Additional analytical data to indicate if hazardous materials present at the site are releasing to Bayou La Carpe and the Houma Navigational Canal.
- Additional analytical data to determine if hazardous materials are affecting the Houma Water Plant.
- Additional investigation of the sensitive environments associated with the surface water pathway and an accurate delineation of the upstream TDL.

CONCLUSIONS

The DS site is an inactive barge cleaning, repairing, and gas-freeing operation located on the southern side of Houma, in Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana. The DS site operated as a barge cleaning, repairing, and gas-freeing facility for an undetermined period of time prior to 1986 when EBI bought the site.

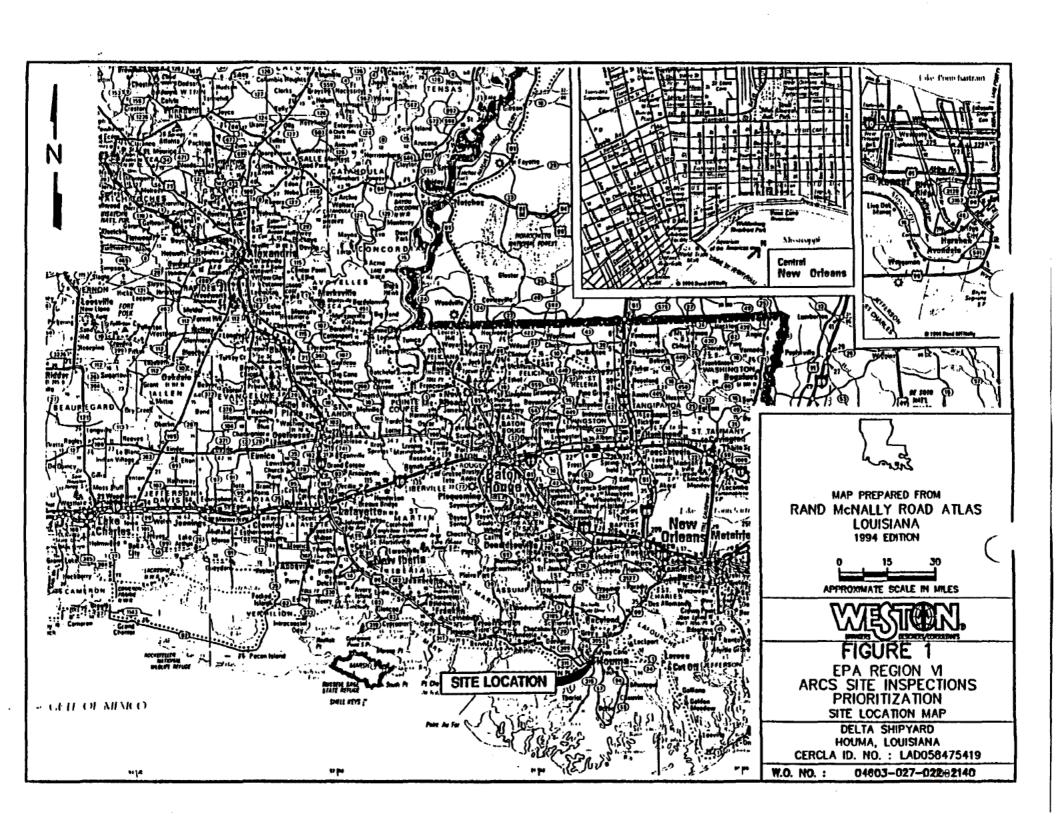
Concerns associated with the migration of hazardous constituents from the site and exposure pathways are summarized as follows:

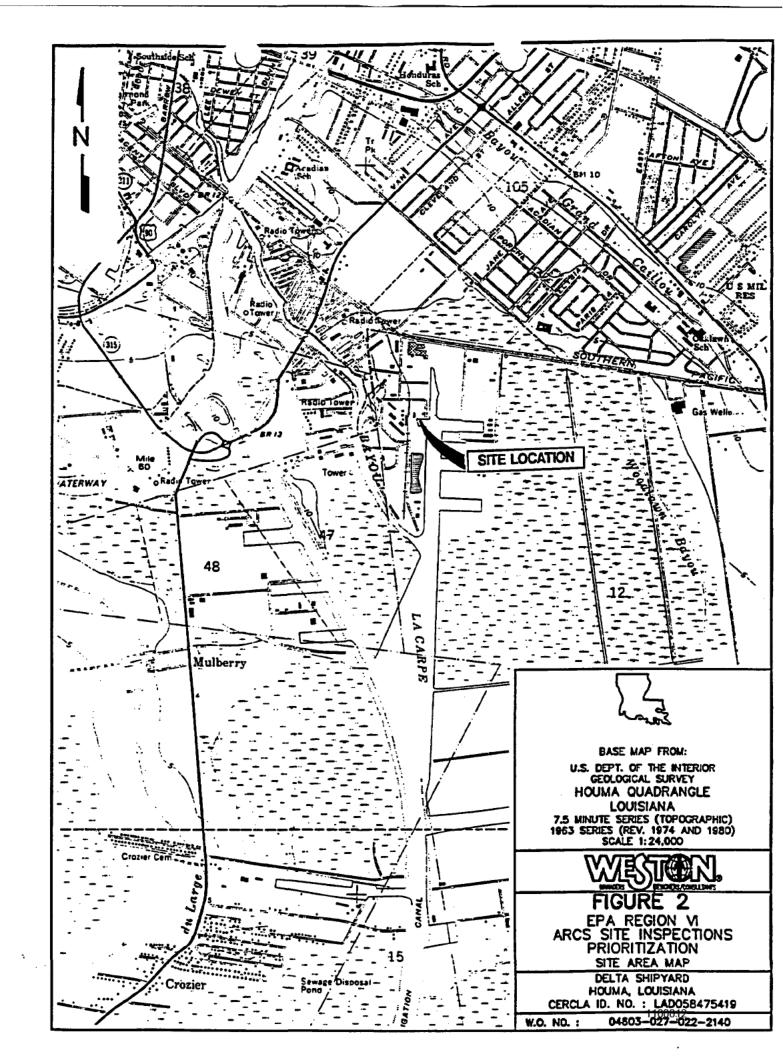
- Based on the information presented in the Groundwater Pathway section, a
 release of hazardous constituents to groundwater is of little concern. A release
 to groundwater has not been documented, the subsurface soils are relatively
 impermeable, and no groundwater use has been identified in the vicinity of the
 site.
- Based on the information presented in the Surface Water Pathway section, a release of hazardous constituents to surface water is of concern. Several hazardous constituents were detected in the drainage ditch leading to Bayou La Carpe. The Houma Water Plant surface water intake and several miles of wetlands frontage are located within the TDL.

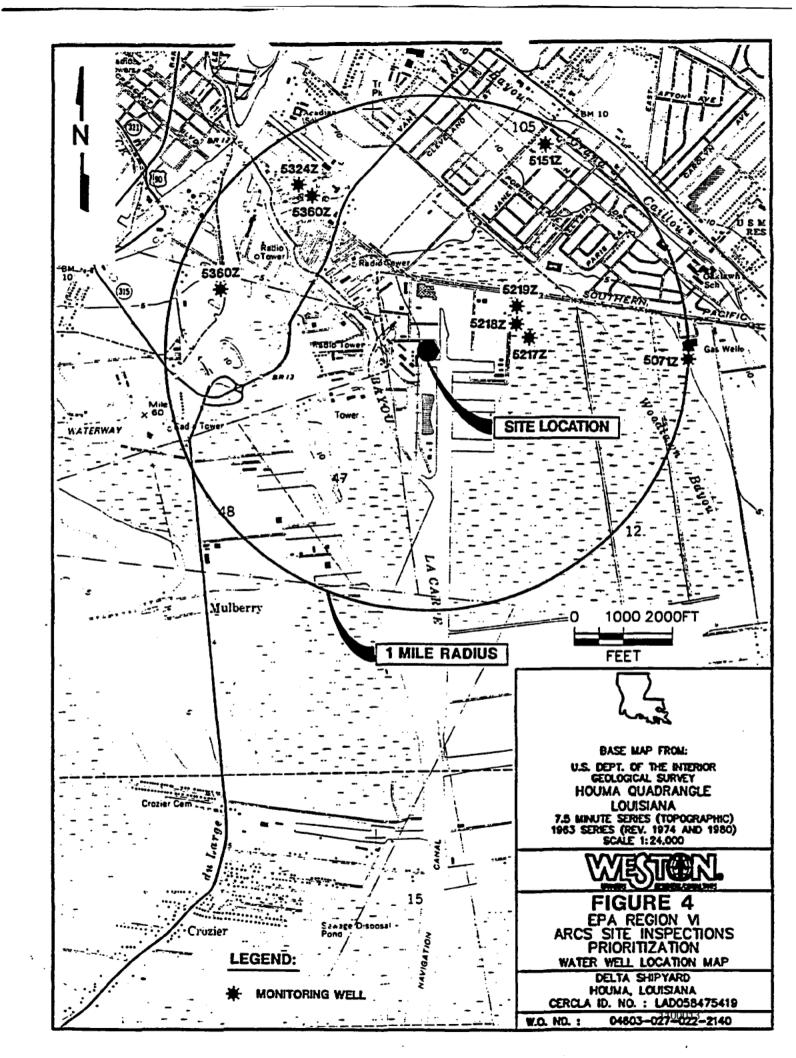
- Based on the information presented in the Soil Exposure Pathway section, a release of hazardous constituents is of concern because several semivolatile organics, pesticides, and heavy metals have been detected in the on-site pits at levels significantly above background concentrations. Soil exposure targets include the on-site workers and the nearby population.
- Based on the information presented in the Air Pathway section, the air pathway
 is of no concern because the barge cleaning, repairing, and gas-freeing facility is
 no longer active.

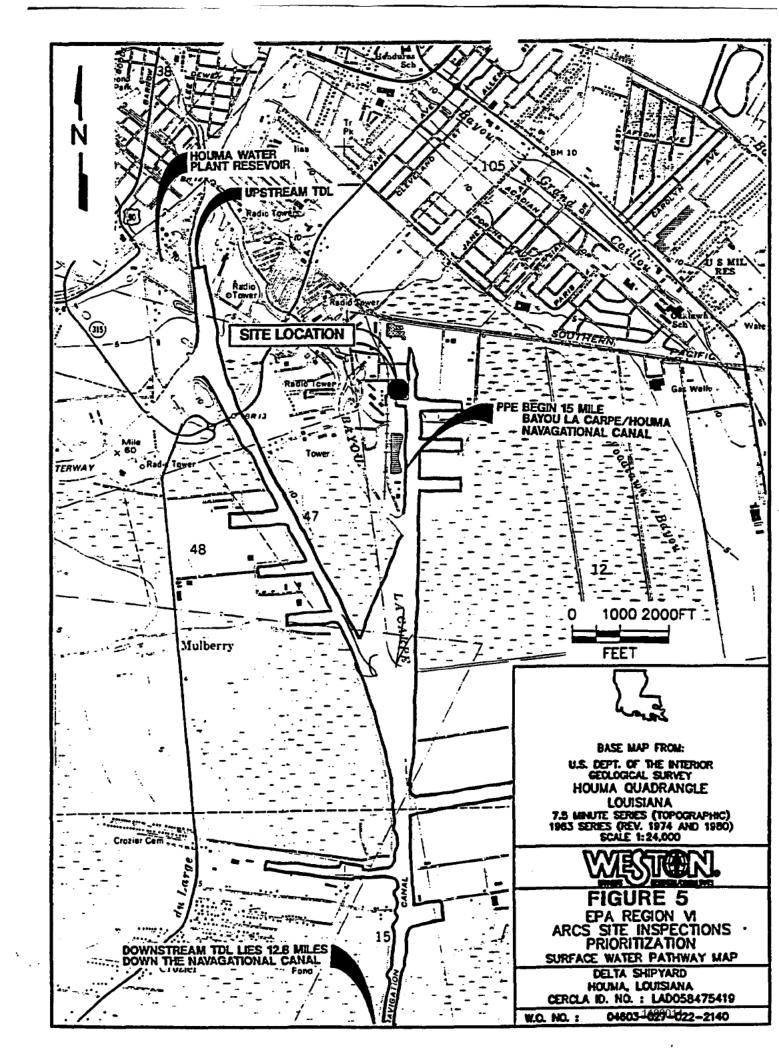
The individual pathways with the greatest influence on the HRS score were surface water and soil exposure pathways.

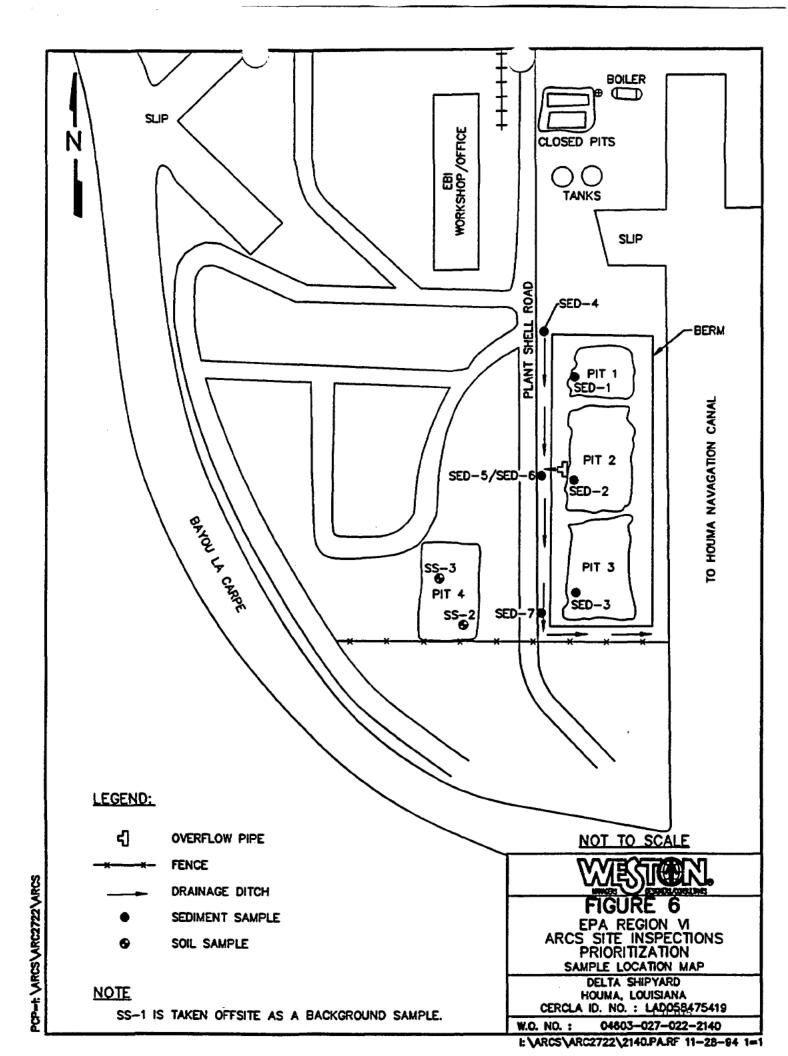
ATTACHMENT 1











Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Characterization Sampling Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED001 SED001 FDB32 08/22/94 | SED002 SED002 FDR33 DB/22/94 | SED003 SED003 FDB35 08/22/94 | SED005 SED005 FDB38 08/22/94 | SED005 SED006 FDB39 08/22/94 | SED007 SED007 FDB41 08/22/94 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | ND | | 13 W | 68 U | 21 UJ | 21 U | 18 UJ | 18 UJ |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | ND | | 13 W | 68 U | 21 UJ | 21 v | 18 UJ | 18 W |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ND | | 13 UJ | 68 U | 21 UJ | 21 U | 18_UJ | 18 UJ |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | . ND | | 13 UJ | 68 U | 21 U | 21U | 18 U | 18 UJ |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | ND | | 13 W | 68 U | 21 U | 21 U | 18 U | 18 W |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | ND | | 13 UJ | 68 U | 21 U | 21 U | 18 U | 18 UJ |
| 1,2-Dichloroethene (total) | ND _ | ***** | 13 W | 68 U | 21 U | _21 U | 18 U | 18 UJ |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | ND | | 13 W | 68 U | 21 ט | 21 U | 18 UJ | 18 ໜ |
| 2-Butanone | ND | ***** | 13 W | 68 U | 21 U | ט 21 | 18 U | 18 UJ |
| 2-Hexanone | ND | | 13 UI | 68 U | 21 ບາ | _21_ UJ | 18 UJ | 18 W |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | ND | | 13 W | 68 U | 21 UJ | 21 UJ | 18 UJ | 18 UJ |
| Acetone | ND | | 13 UJ | 160 W | 21 U | 21 U | 18 U | 18 UJ |
| Benzene | ND | | 13 UJ | 73 | 21 UJ | 21 U | נט 18 | 18 W |
| Bromodichloromethane | ND | | 13 UJ | 68 U | 21 UJ | 21 U | 18 UJ | 18 UJ |
| Bromoform | ND | | 13 UJ | 68 U | _21 UJ | 21 U | _18 UJ | 18 UJ |
| Bromomethane | ND | | 13 UJ | 68 U | 21 U | 21 U | 18 U | 18: UJ |
| Carbon disulfide | ND | | 13 W | 68 U | 21 U | 21 U | 18 U | 18: UJ |
| Carbon tetrachloride | ND | **** | 13 UJ | _68 U | 21 W | 21 U | 18 UJ | 18 UJ (|
| Chlorobenzene | ND | | 13 W | 68 บ | 21 UJ | 21 W | 18 UJ | 18 W |
| Chloroethane | ND | | 13 UI | 68 U | 21 U | 21 ປ | 18 U | 18 UJ |
| Chloroform | ND | | 13 W | 68 U | 21 U | 21 U | 18 U | 18 UJ |
| Chloromethane | ND | | 13 UI | 68 U | 21 U | 21 U | 18 U | 18 UJ |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | | 13 UI | 68 U | 21 UJ | 21 U | 18 UI | 18 UI |
| Dibromochloromethane | ND | | 13 W | 68 U | 21 UJ | 21 U | 18 UJ | 18 UJ |
| Ethylbenzene | ND | | 13 UI | 170 | 21 UJ | 21 UJ | 18 UJ | 18 UJ |
| Mothylene Chloride | ND | ***** | 13 UI | 68 U | 21 U | 21 U | 18 U | 18 UJ |
| Styrene | ND | | 13 UJ | 68 U | 21 UJ | 21 UJ | 18 UJ | 18 U |
| Tetrachloroethene | ND | | 13 UJ | 68 U | 21 UJ | 21 UJ | 18 UJ | 18 UJ |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Characterization Sampling Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | 5ED001 SED001 FDB32 08/22/94 | SED002 SED002 FDH33 08/22/94 | SED003 SED003 FDB35 08/22/94 | SED005 SED005 FDB38 08/22/94 | SED005 SED006 FDR39 08/22/94 | SED007 SED007 FDB41 08/22/94 |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Toluene | 5 | 15 | 13 W | 43 J C-BSQL | 21 ט | 5 Jv | 18 VI | 18 W |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | | 13 UI | 68 U | 21 UJ | 21 U | 18 UJ | 18 ט |
| Trichloroethene | ND | ***** | 13 UI | 68 U | 21 ບາ | 21 U | 18 UJ | 18 ເມ |
| Vinyl Chloride | ND | | 13 UJ | 68 U | 21 U | 21 U | 18 U | 18 UJ |
| Xylenes (total) | ND | | 13 W | 240 | 21 ບາ | 21 UJ | 18 W | 18 W |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Characterization Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Meximum Background | SED001 SED001 FDB32 08/22/94 | SED002 SED002 FDR33 08/22/94 | SED003 SED003 FDB35 08/22/94 | SED005 SED005 FDB38 08/22/94 | SED005 SED006 FDR39 08/22/94 | SED007 SED007 PDB41 08/22/94 |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ND | ***** | 430 U | 4500 บ | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 บ | 580 U |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 7 00 U | 690 บ | 580 U | 580 U |
| 2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane) | ND | | 430 U | 4500 บ | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | ND | ***** | 1000 บ | 11000 ບ | 1700 บ | 1700 บ | 1400 U | 1400 U |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | ND | **** | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 บ | 580 U |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | ND | ***** | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 บ | 580 U |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 2,4-Dinitrophenol | ND | | 1000 ບ | 11000 ປ | 1700 U | 1700 U | 1400 U | 1400 บ |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 2-Chlorophenol | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 69 | 207 | 430 U | 47000 | 700 บ | 690 U | 580 บ | 580 U |
| 2-Methylphenol | ND | ***** | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 2-Nitroaniline | ND | ***** | 1000 ບ | 11000 บ | 1700 U | 1700 U | 1400 U | 1400 บ |
| 2-Nitrophenol | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | ND | ***** | 430 UJ | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 3-Nitroaniline | ND | | 1000 บ | 11000 บ | 1700 U | 1700 U | 1400 U | 1400 U |
| 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | ND | | 1000 UR | 11000 บ | 1700 U | 1700 U | 1400 U | 1400 U |
| 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | ND | | 430 UR | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | ND | • | 430 U | 4500 บ | 700 U | 690 บ | 580 U | 580 บ |
| 4-Chloroaniline | ND | **** | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 4-Methylphenol | ND | **** | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 4-Nitroaniline | ND | | 1000 U | 11000 U | 1700 U | 1700 U | 1400 U | 1400 U |
| 4-Nitrophenol | ND | | 1000 UR | 11000 บ | 1700 บ | 1700 U | 1400 บ | 1400 U |
| Acenaphthene | ND | **** | 430 U | 1800 J C-BSQL | 700 U | 470 J C-BSQL | 580 U | 34 J C-BSQL |
| Acenaphthylene | ND | | 430 U | 550 J C-BSQL | 700 U | 89 1 C-BSQL | 60 J C-BSQL | 46 J C-BSQL |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Characterization Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED001 SED001 FDB32 08/22/94 | SED002 SED002 FDB33 08/22/94 | SED003 SED003 FDB35 08/22/94 | SED005 SED005 FDB38 08/22/94 | SED005 SED006 FDB39 08/22/94 | SED007 SED007 FDB41 08/22/94 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Anthracene | ND | | 430 UR | 540 J C-BSQL | 70 0 บ | 1300 J | 83 J C-BSQL | 82 J C-BSQL |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | ND | | 430 UJ | 440 J C-BSQL | 700 U | 6000 1 | 580 / | 310 J C-BSQL |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | ND | ***** | 430 UJ | 210 J C-BSQL | 70 0 U | 4100 J | 390 J C-BSQL | 190 J C-BSOL |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | ND | | 300 14 | 450 J C-BSQL | 700 U | 6100 1 | 840 3 | 410 J C-1 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | ND | | עט 430 | 4500 U | 700 บ | 2500 1 | 430 J C-BSQL | 290 J C-BSQL |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | ND | | 430 W | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 บ | 580 U |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 บ |
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether | ND | ***** | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 บ | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | ND | | 430 UJ | 4500 U | 700 U | 190 J C-BSQL | 120 J C-BSQL | 580 U |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | ND | | 430 UJ | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 บ |
| Carbazole | ND _ | | 430 UR | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 | 580 U | 87 I C-BSQL |
| Chrysene | ND | | 1200 Jv | 460 J C-BSQL | 70 0 U | 5300 1 | 710 1 | 270 J C-BSQL |
| Di-n-butylphthalate | ND | | 430 UR | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | ND | | 430 UJ | 4500 U | 700 ປ | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | ND | | 430 UJ | 4500 U | 700 U | 1300 1 | 180 J C-BSQL | 580 U |
| Dibenzofuran | ND | | 430 U | 1300 J C-BSQL | 700 U | 120 J C-BSQL | 580 U | 580 U |
| Diethylphthalate | ND | | 430 U | 4500 บ | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| Dimethylphthalate | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| Fluoranthene | ND | | 430 UR | 4500 U | 700 U | 13000 J | 1000 1 | 530 J C-BSQL |
| Fluorene | ND | | 430 U | 5100 | 700 U | 310 J C-BSQL | ט 580 | 40 J C-BSQL |
| Hexachlorobenzene | ND | | 430 UR | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 บ | 580 U |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 บ | 580 U |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| Hexachloroethane | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | ND | | 430 UJ | 4500 U | 700 U | 3000 1 | 390 J C-BSQL | 210 J C-BSQL |
| Isophorone | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | ND | **** | 430 UR | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |

1100019

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Characterization Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED001 SED001 FDB32 08/22/94 | SED002 SED002 FDB33 08/22/94 | SED003 SED003 FDB35 08/22/94 | SED005 SED005 FDB38 08/22/94 | SED005 SED006 FDB39 08/22/94 | SED007 SED007 FDB41 08/22/94 |
|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Naphthalene | ND | | 430 U | 11000 | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| Nitrobenzene | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| Pentachlorophenol | ND | | 1000 UR | 11000 บ | 1700 U | 1700 บ | 1400 U | 1400 บ |
| Phenanthrene | . ND | | 430 UR | 8800 | 700 U | 5000 1 | 310 J C-BSQL | 440 J C-B9 |
| Phenol | ND | | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| Pyrene | ND | | 430 UJ | 740 J C-BSQL | 700 U | 12000 I | 570 J C-BSQL | 390 J C-BSQL |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Characterization Sampling Pesticides Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | 5ED001 SED001 FDB32 08/22/94 | SED002 SED002 FDB33 08/22/94 | SED003 SED003 FDB35 08/22/94 | SED005 SED005 FDB38 08/22/94 | SED005 SED006 FDR39 08/22/94 | SED007 SED007 FDB41 08/22/94 |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 4,4'-DDD | ND | | 35 | 4.5 U | 7 U _ | 6.9 U | 5.8 U | 5 <u>.8</u> u |
| 4,4'-DDE | ND | ***** | 4.3 U | 4.5 U | 7 UJ _ | 6.9 U | 5.8 U | 5.8 U |
| 4,4'-DDT | ND | | 4.3 UR | 4.5 U | 7 ປ | 6.9 U | 5.8 U | 5.8 U |
| Aldrin | , ND | ***** | 2.2 ช | 2.3 ປ | 3.6 UJ | 3.5 ช | 3 U | 3 U (|
| alpha-BHC | ND | | 2.2 U | 2.3 U | 3.6 UI | 3.5 บ | 3 U | 3 U |
| alpha-Chlordane | ND | | 2.2 U | 4.5 U | 3.6 UI | 3.5 U | 3 U | 0.32 J C-BSQL |
| beta-BHC | 7.4 | 22.2 | 12 л | 2.3 U | 1.1 Jv | 3.5 บ | 3 U | 3 U |
| delta-BHC | ND | | 2.2 U | 2.3 U | 3.6 UJ | 3.5 U | 0.26 J C-BSQL | 3 U |
| Dieldrin | ND | | 4.3 U | 4.5 U | 7 UJ | 6.9 U | 5.8 U | 5.8 U |
| Endosulfan I | ND | | 2.2 U | 2.3 U | 3.6 U | 3.5 U | 3 U | 3 U |
| Endosulfan II | ND | | 4.3 U | 4.5 U | 7 U | 6.9 U | 5.8 U | 5.8 U |
| Endosulfan sulfate | ND | | 4.3 U | 4.5 U | 7 υ | 6.9 U | 5.8 U | 5.8 U |
| Endrin | ND: | | 4.3 U | 4.5 U | 7 UJ | 6.9 U | 5.8 U | 5.8 U |
| Endrin aldehyde | ND | | 4.3 U | 13 Л С-NA | 7 U | 6.9 U | 5.8 U | 5.8 U |
| Endrin ketone | ND | | 7.1 ЛТ С-NA | 1 J C-BSQL | 7 U | 6.9 U | 5.8 U | 5.8 U |
| gamma-BHC (lindane) | ND | i | 2.2 U | 2.3 U | 3.6 UJ | 3.5 U | 3 U | 3 U |
| gamma-Chlordane | 1.1 | 3.3 | 2.2 บ | 9.8 JT C-NA | 3.6 UI | 0.39 J | 0.26 J | 0.26 |
| Heptachlor | ND | | 2.2 U | 1.5 J C-BSQL | 0.17 Jv C-BSQL | 3.5 U | 3 U | 3 U (|
| Heptachlor epoxide | 1.3 | 3.9 | 25 J C478 | 3.7 ј | 2.3 Jv | 3.5 U | 3 U | 3 U |
| Methoxychlor | ND | | 69 1 | 23 U | 3.7 J C-BSQL | 35 U | 30 U | 30 U |
| Toxaphene | ND | | 220 UJ | 230 U | 360 U | 350 U | 300 U | 300 U |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Characterization Sampling Polychorinated Biphenyis Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED001 SED001 FDB32 08/22/94 | SED002 SED002 FDB33 08/22/94 | SED003 SED003 FDB35 08/22/94 | SED005 SED005 FDB38 08/22/94 | SED005 SED006 FDB39 08/22/94 | SED007 SED007 FDB41 08/22/94 |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Aroclor-1016 | ND | ***** | 43 U | 45 U | 70 U | 69 U | 58 U | 58 U |
| Aroclor-1221 | ND | | 88 U | 92 UJ | 140 U | ט 140 | 120_ บ | 120 U |
| Aroclor-1232 | ND | | 43 UJ | 45_U | 70 U | 69 U | 58 U | 58 U |
| Aroclor-1242 | ND | | 43 UI | 45 U | 70 U | 69 U | 58 ບ | 58 U |
| Aroclor-1248 | ND | ***** | 43 UJ | 45 U | 70 U | 69 U | 58 U | 58 U |
| Aroclor-1254 | ND | ***** | 43 UJ | 45 U | 70 U | 69 U | 58_ U | 58 U |
| Aroclor-1260 | ND | **** | 43 UJ | 45_U | 70 U | 69 U | 58 U | 58 U |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Characterization Sampling Metals Results (mg/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED001 SED001 MFDP04 08/22/94 | SED002 SED002 MFDP05 08/22/94 | SED003 SED003 MFDP06 08/22/94 | SED005 SED005 MFDP08 08/22/94 | SED005 SED006 MFDP09 08/22/94 | SED007 SED007 MFDP10 08/22/94 |
|-----------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ALUMINUM | 3400 | 10200 | 6430 | 6830 | 6160 | 9090 | 6890 | 10900 |
| ANTIMONY | ND | **** | 10.5 | 7.5 1 | 9.7 UJ | 10.9 W | 12.5 J | 12 UJ |
| ARSENIC | 4.9 | 14.7 | 22.1 74 | 6.3 Jv | 4.2 Jv | 24.8 1- | 16.3 7 | 23.1 N |
| BARIUM | 5540 | 16620 | 11900 | 15100 | 18000 | 20100 | 17300 | 20500 |
| BERYLLIUM | 0.29 | 0.87 | 0.53 | 0.49 | 0.39 | 0.79 | 0.75 | 0.94 |
| CADMIUM | ND | | 4.9 | 1 U | 1.8 | 1.5 U | 1.7 | 1.6 U |
| CALCIUM | 86100 | 258300 | 12000 | 4030 | 4810 | 9420 | 14200 | 16400 |
| CHROMIUM | 58.3 | 174.9 | 527 | 54.4 | 35.2 | 27.8 | 39.1 | 42.8 |
| COBALT | 5 | 15 | 9.7 | 11.4 | 8.8 Jv | 13.5 | 10.5 Jv | 16.8 C-NA |
| COPPER | 66.8 | 200.4 | 75.2 J | 48.4 J | 33.6 J | 61. <u>3</u> J | 55.2 J | 45.8 J |
| CYANIDE | ND | | 0.67 บ | 0.65 บ | 0.85 U | 0.95 U | 0.88 บ | 1.1 U |
| IRON | 23200 | 69600 | 21500 | 43200 | 10200 | 19800 | 16400 | 21400 |
| LEAD | 92 | 276 | 632 | 185 | 158 | 181 | 195 | 125 |
| MAGNESIUM | 5300 | 15900 | 2850 | 2100 | 2470 | 3740 | 3270 | 4610 |
| MANGANESE | 245 | 735 | 480 | 231 | 120 | 280 | 305 | 509 |
| MERCURY | ND | | 13 / | 0.22 1 | 0.23 | 0.29 1 | 0.3 1 | 0.21 UI |
| NICKEL | 9.4 | 28.2 | 18.9 | 25.2 | 12.9 | 24.4 | 19.4 | 28.4 C-NA |
| POTASSIUM | 703 | 2109 | 1570 | 1270 | 1140 | 1760 | 1420 | 1610 |
| SELENIUM | ND | | 0.37 | 0.18 U | 0.31 | 0.27 U | 0.25 U | 0.29 U |
| SILVER | 1.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| SODIUM | 241 | 723 | 331 | 180 | 181 | 289 | 253 | 360 |
| THALLIUM | 0.5 | 1.5 | 0.61 | 0.4 | 0.41 | 0.76 | 0.47 | 0.62 |
| VANADIUM | 9 | 27 | 24.4 | 18.7 | 14.9 | 25.4 | 19.5 | 30.1 |
| ZINC | 805 | 2415 | 835 | 302 | 149 | 449 | 444 | 245 |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Characterization Sampling Explosives Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED001 SED001 FDB32 08/22/94 | SED002 SED002 FDB33 08/22/94 | SED003 SED003 FDB35 08/22/94 | SED005 SED005 FDB38 08/22/94 | SED005 SED006 FDB39 08/22/94 | SED007 SED007 FDB41 08/22/94 |
|--------------------|----|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | ND | | 430 UR | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | ND | ***** | 430 U | 4500 U | 700 U | 690 U | 580 U | 580 U |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Background Sampling Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED004 SED004 PDB36 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | ND | | 15 ປ | | | | | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | ND | | 15 ປ | | | | | |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ND | • | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | . ND | | 15 ບາ | | | | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | ND | | 15 W | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | ND | | 15 ປ | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethene (total) | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | ND | | 15 W | | | | | |
| 2-Butanone | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| 2-Hexanone | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | ND | ***** | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| Acetone | ND | | 15 W | | | | | |
| Benzene | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| Bromodichloromethane | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | · |
| Bromoform | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| Bromomethane | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| Carbon disulfide | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| Carbon tetrachloride | ND | | 15 UJ | , | ļ | | | |
| Chlorobenzene | ND | | 15 W | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Chloroethane | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| Chloroform | ND | | 15 UJ | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | |
| Chloromethane | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| Dibromochloromethane | ND | | 15 W | | | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| Methylene Chloride | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| Styrene | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |
| Tetrachloroethene | ND | | 15 UJ | | | | | |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Background Sampling Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | | 3 Times Maximum Background | FDB36 | Left Blank On Purposé | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|---------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Toluene | 5 | 15 | 5 Jv | | | | | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | | 15 W | | | | | |
| Trichloroethene | ND | ***** | 15 W | | | | | |
| Vinyl Chloride | ND | ***** | 15 UI | | | | | |
| Xylenes (total) | ND | | 15 UI | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Background Sampling Pesticides Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED004 SED004 FDB36 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 4,4'-DDD | ND | | 5.1 U | | | | | |
| 4,4'-DDE | ND | | 5.1 U | | | | | |
| 4,4'-DDT | ND | | 5.1 U | | | | | |
| Aldrin | ND | | 2.6 U | | | | | |
| alpha-BHC | ND | | 2.6 U | | | | | |
| alpha-Chlordane | ND | | 2.6 U | | | | , | |
| beta-BHC | 7.4 | 22.2 | 7.4 т | | | | | |
| delta-BHC | ND | | 2.6 U | | | | | |
| Dieldrin | ND | | 5.1 U | | | | | |
| Endosulfan I | ND | | 2.6 U | | | | | |
| Endosulfan II | ND | | 5.1 U | | | | | |
| Endosulfan sulfate | ND | | 5.1 U | | | | | |
| Endrin | ND | | 5.1 U | | | | | |
| Endrin aldehyde | ND | | 5.1 U | | | | | |
| Endrin ketone | ND | | 5.1 U | | | | | |
| gamma-BHC (lindane) | ND | | 2.6 U | | | | | |
| gamma-Chlordane | 1.1 | 3.3 | 1.1 J | | | | | |
| Heptachlor | ND | | 2.6 U | | | | | |
| Heptachlor epoxide | 1.3 | 3.9 | 1.3 J | | | | | |
| Methoxychlor | ND | | 26 U | | | | | |
| Toxaphene | ND | | 260 U | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Background Sampling Polychorinated Biphenyls Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Meximum Hackground | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED004 SED004 FDB36 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purposa |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Aroclor-1016 | . ND | | 51 U | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1221 | ND | | 100 ບ | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1232 | ND | | 51 U | | | | | · |
| Aroclor-1242 | · ND | | 51 U | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1248 | ND | | 51 U | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1254 | ND | | 51 U | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1260 | ND | ***** | 51 U | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Background Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 5 Times Maximum Background | SED004 SED004 PDB36 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane) | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | ND | | 1200 U | · | | | | |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | ND | **** | 510 U | | | | | |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 2,4-Dinitrophenol | ND | | 1200 U | | | | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 2-Chlorophenol | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 69 | 207 | 69 J | | | | | |
| 2-Methylphenol | ND | ***** | 510 U | | | | | |
| 2-Nitroaniline | ND | | 1200 U | | <u> </u> | | | |
| 2-Nitrophenol | ND | | 510 U | | <u> </u> | | | |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | ND | | 510 W | | | | | |
| 3-Nitroaniline | ND | | 1200 U | | | | | |
| 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | ND | ***** | 1200 U | <u> </u> | | | | |
| 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 4-Chloroaniline | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| 4-Methylphenol | ND | | 510 U | | <u> </u> | | | |
| 4-Nitroaniline | ND | | 1200 U | | | | | |
| 4-Nitrophenol | ND | | 1200 U | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Acenaphthene | ND | | 510 U | <u> </u> | | | | |
| Acenaphthylene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Background Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED004 SED004 FDB36 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Anthracene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | ND | | 510 UI | | | | | |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | ND | | 510 UI | | | | | |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | · ND | **** | 510 UI | | | | | |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | ND | | 510 UI | | | | | |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | ND | | 510 UI | | | | | |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | ND | | 510 UI | | | | | |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | ND | | 510 UJ | | | | | |
| Carbazole | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Chrysene | ND | ***** | 510 UI | | | | | |
| Di-n-butylphthalate | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | ND | | 510 ບາ | | | | | |
| Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | ND | | 510 W | | | | | |
| Dibenzofuran | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Diethylphthalate | ND | ***** | 510 U | | | | | |
| Dimethylphthalate | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Fluoranthene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Fluorene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Hexachlorobenzene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | ND | | 510 U | l | | | | |
| Hexachloroethane | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | ND | | 510 UI | | | | | |
| Isophorone | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | ND | | 510 U | | | 1 | | |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Background Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpase | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Naphthalene | ND | **** | 510 U | | | | | |
| Nitrobenzene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Pentachlorophenol | ND | | 1200 U | | | | | |
| Phenanthrene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Phenol | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |
| Pyrene | ND | | 510 UI | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Background Sampling Metals Results (mg/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | SED004 SED004 MFDP07 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose |
|-----------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ALUMINUM | 3400 | 10200 | 3400 | | | | | |
| ANTIMONY | ND | | 7.6 W | | | | | |
| ARSENIC | 4.9 | 14.7 | 4.9 Jv | | | | | |
| BARIUM | · 5540 | 16620 | 5540 | | 1 | | | |
| BERYLLIUM | 0.29 | 0.87 | 0.29 | | | | | |
| CADMIUM | ND | | 1 U | • | | | | |
| CALCTUM | 86100 | 258300 | 86100 | | | | | |
| CHROMIUM | 58.3 | 174.9 | 58.3 | | | | | |
| COBALT | 5 | 15 | 5 Jv | | | | | |
| COPPER | 66.8 | 200.4 | 66.8 J | | | | | |
| CYANIDE | ND | | 0.67 U | | | | | |
| IRON | 23200 | 69600 | 23200 | | | | | |
| LEAD | 92 | 276 | 92 | | | | | |
| MAGNESIUM | 5300 | 15900 | 5300 | | | | | |
| MANGANESE | 245 | 735 | 245 | | | | | |
| MERCURY | ND | | 0.13 W | | | | | |
| NICKEL | 9.4 | 28.2 | 9.4 | | | | | |
| POTASSIUM | 703 | 2109 | 703 | | | | | |
| SELENIUM | ND | | 0.19 UJ | | | | | |
| SILVER | 1.4 | 4.2 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| SODIUM | 241 | 723 | 241 | | | | | |
| THALLIUM | 0.5 | 1.5 | 0.5 J | | | | | |
| VANADIUM | 9 | 27 | 9 | | | | | |
| ZINC | 805 | 2415 | 805 | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Sediment Background Sampling Explosives Results (ug/kg)

| | Maximum | 3 Times Maximum Background | | Left Illank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blatik On Purposa |
|--------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | ND | | 510 บ | | | | | |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | ND | | 510 U | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Characterization Sampling Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Rackground | \$\$002 \$\$902 FDB29 08/22/94 | 5S003 5S003 FDH30 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | ND | ***** | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | <u> </u> | | | |
| 1 chloroethane | ND | ***** | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | ND | | 13 W | 14 U | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethene (total) | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | ND | | 13 W | 14 U | | | | |
| 2-Butanone | ND | | 13 ບາ | 14 U | | | | |
| 2-Hexanone | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | ND | | 13 ບາ | 14 U | | | | |
| Acetone | ND | | 13 UJ | 40 U | | | | |
| Benzene | ND | | 13 ປາ | 14 U | | | | |
| Bromodichloromethane | ND | | 13 ບາ | 14 U | | | | |
| Bromofonn | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| Bromomethane | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| Carbon disulfide | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| n tetrachloride | ND | **** | 13 ບາ | 14 U | | | | |
| Chlorobenzene | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| Chloroethane | ND | | 13 UI | 14 U | | | | |
| Chloroform | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| Chloromethane | ND | | 13 ປາ | 14 U | | | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| Dibromochloromethane | ND | | 13 UI | 14 U | | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | ND | | 13 W | 14 · U | | | | |
| Methylene Chloride | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| Styrene | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| Tetrachloroethene | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Characterization Sampling Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | | J Times Maximum Background | | SS003 SS003 FDH30 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose | Lett Blank On Purpose | Left Blank Ou Purpose | Lett Blank On Purpose |
|---------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Toluene | ND | | 13 UI | 14 U | | | | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| Tri Voroethene | ND | ***** | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |
| V. Chloride | ND | | 13 UI | 14 U | | | | |
| Xylenes (total) | ND | | 13 UJ | 14 U | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Characterization Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Aualyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | \$\$002 \$\$002 FDB29 08/22/94 | \$\$003 \$\$003 FDH30 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Pürpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Hlank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ND | | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| 1,º Sichlorobenzene | ND | | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| 1, chlorobenzene | ND | | 440 บ | 470 บ | | | | |
| 2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane) | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | ND | | 1100 ช | 1100 U | | | | |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | ND | | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | ND | | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| 2,4-Dinitrophenol | ND | | 1100 U | 1100 U | | | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| 2-Chlorophenol | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | ND | | 440 U | 250 J C-BSQL | | | | |
| 2-Methylphenol | ND | | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| 2-Nitroaniline | ND | | 1100 U | 1100 U | | | | |
| 2-Nitrophenol | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| ? Vichlorobenzidine | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| 3 | ND | | 1100 U | 1100 U | | | | |
| 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | ND | | 1100 U | 1100 U | | | | |
| 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | ND | | 440 U | 470 U - | | | | |
| 4-Chioro-3-methylphenol | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| 4-Chloroaniline | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | ND | | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| 4-Methylphenol | ND | | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| 4-Nitroaniline | ND | | 1100 U | 1100 U | | | | |
| 4-Nitrophenol | ND | | 1100 ປ | 1100 U | | | 1 | |
| Acenaphthene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Acenaphthylene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Characterization Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | 8S002 8S002 FDB29 08/22/94 | \$\$003 \$\$003 FDB30 08/22/94 | Laft Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Leit Blank On Purpose |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Anthracene | ND | | 51 J C-BSQL | 470 U | | | <u> </u> | |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | 33 | 99 | 100 J C-BSQL | | | | | |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | ND | | 86 J C-BSQL | . 470 U | | | | |
| B (b)fluoranthene | 53 | 159 | 130 J | 85 J | | | | |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | ND | | 100 J C-BSQL | 470 U | | | | |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | 1 | |
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | 130 | 390 | 71 J | 470 U | | | | |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Carbazole | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Chrysene | 83 | 249 | 120 J_ | 200 J | | | | |
| Di-n-butylphthalate | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | ND | | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Dibenzofuran_ | ND | ***** | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| Di-thylphthalate | ND | | 440 บ | 470_U | | | | |
| i. hylphthalate | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Fluoranthene | 68 | 204 | 210 J C-BSQL | 430 J C-BSQL | | | | |
| Fluorenc | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Hexachlorobenzene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | ND | ***** | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Hexachloroethane | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | ND | | 84 J C-BSQL | 470_U | | | | |
| Isophorone | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS 1D LAD058475419) Soil Characterization Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | ************************************** | SS002 SS002 FDB29 08/22/94 | \$\$003 \$\$003 FDB30 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Lalt Blank On Purpose |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Naphthalene | ND | | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| Nitrobenzene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| Pertachlorophenol | ND | | 1100 U | 1100 U | | | | |
| F. Inthrene | 32 | 96 | 120 J C-BSQL | 480 C-BSQL | | | | |
| Phenol | ND | | 440 บ | 470 U | | | | |
| Ругене | 52 | 156 | 130 J | 260 J C-BSQL | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Characterization Sampling Pesticides Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | \$\$002 \$\$002 FDB29 08/22/94 | \$\$003 \$\$003 FDB30 08/22/9 |) | Leit Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Rlank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 4,4'-DDD | ND | | 4.4 U | 4.7 U | | | | | |
| 4,4'-DDE | ND | | 4.4 U | 4.7 U | | | | | |
| 4.4'-DDT | ND | | 4.4 U | 4.7 U | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | ND | | 2.3 U | 2.4 U | | | | | |
| alpha-BHC | ND | | 2.3 U | 2.4 U | | | | | |
| alpha-Chlordane | 0.35 | 1.05 | 0.54 J | 2.4 U | | | | | |
| beta-BHC | ND | | 1.1 J C-I | SQL 0.64 J | C-BSQL | | | | |
| delta-BHC | ND | | 2.3 U | 2.4 บ | | | | | |
| Dieldrin | ND | | 4.4 U | 4.7 U | | | | | |
| Endosulfan I | ND | | 2.3 U | 2.4 U | | | | | |
| Endosulfan II | ND | | 4.4 U | 4.7 บ | | | | | |
| Endosulfan sulfate | ND | | 4.4 U | 4.7 U | | | | | |
| Endrin | ND | **** | 4.4 U | 4.7 บ | | | | | |
| Endrin aldehyde | ND | | 4.4 U | 4.7 U | | | | | |
| Endrin ketone | ND | | 4.4 U | 4.7 U | | | | | |
| gamma-BHC (lindane) | ND | | 2.3 U | 2.4 U | | | | | |
| gamma-Chlordane | 0.34 | 1.02 | 1.1 J C-I | SQL 2.4 U | | | | | |
| . chlor | ND | | 2.3 U | 2.4 บ | | | | | |
| Heptachlor epoxide | ND | | 0.26 J C-1 | SQL 2.4 U | | | | | |
| Methoxychlor | ND | | 23 U | 24 U | | | | | |
| Toxaphene | ND | | 230 U | 240 U | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Characterization Sampling Polychorinated Biphenyls Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | | 68003 58003 FDB30 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Leit Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Aroclor-1016 | ND | | 44 U | 47 U | | | | |
| Aruclor-1221 | ND | | 89 U | 96 U | | | | |
| Arrelor-1232 | ND | | 44 U | 47 U | | | | |
| A. Jr-1242 | ND | | 44 U | 47 U | | | | |
| Aroclor-1248 | ND | | 44 U | 47 U | | | | |
| Aroclor-1254 | ND | | 44 U | 47 U | | | | |
| Aroclor-1260 | ND | | 44 บ | 47 U | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Characterization Sampling Metals Results (mg/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | \$\$002 \$\$002 MFDP02 08/22/94 | \$\$003 \$\$003 MPDP03 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|-----------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ALUMINUM | 9330 | 27990 | 8660 | 11500 | | | | |
| ANTIMONY | 8.1 | 24.3 | 7.5 UJ | 7.8 UJ | | | | |
| APRENIC | 7.7 | 23.1 | 29.7 31 | 20.7 Jv | | | | |
| ь им | 4920 | 14760 | 18900 | 14700 | | | | |
| BERYLLIUM | 0.7 | 2.1 | 0.59 | 0.86 | | | | |
| CADMIUM | ND | | 2.6 | 1.5 | | | | |
| CALCIUM | 17300 | 51900 | 11100 | 9230 | | | | |
| CHROMIUM | 18.5 | 55.5 | 87.1 | 90.2 | | | | |
| COBALT | 9.1 | 27.3 | 12.3 | 12 | | | | |
| COPPER | 32.8 | 98.4 | 63.8 J | 46.9 J | | | | |
| CYANIDE | ND | ***** | 0.66 U | 0.69 บ | | | | |
| IRON | 16400 | 49200 | 18800 | 22000 | | | | |
| LEAD | 117 | 351 | 345 | 174 | | | | |
| MAGNESIUM | 4200 | 12600 | 3460 | 4430 | | | | |
| MANGANESE | 467 | 1401 | 530_ | 410 | | | | |
| MERCURY | ND | | 0.77 1 | 0.39 | | | | |
| N""KEL | 27.2 | 81.6 | 16.5 | 19.1 | | | | |
| ASSIUM | 1890 | 5670 | 1580 | 2180 | | | | |
| SELENIUM | 0.34 | 1.02 | 0.53 | 0.5 | | | | ¥ |
| SILVER | 1.9 | 5.7 | 2.9 | 1.8 | | | | |
| SODIUM | 164 | 492 | 219 | 490 | | | | |
| THALLIUM | 0.53 | 1.59 | 0.6 | 0.51 | | | | |
| VANADIUM | 23.7 | 71.1 | 24.3 | 29.1 | | | | |
| ZINC | 206 | 618 | 666 | 367 | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Characterization Sampling Explosives Results (ug/kg)

| 1.000000000000000000000000000000000000 | -00000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 3 Times Maximum Background | | \$\$003 \$\$003 FDB30 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|---|---|----------------------------------|-------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | ND | | 440 U | 470 U | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Background Sampling Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | SS001 SS001 FDB27 08/22/94 | Left Hlank On Purpose | Left Blank On Parpose | Left Blank On Purposs | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Dienk On Purpose |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | ND | | 15 U | | <u> </u> | | | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ND | ***** | 15 U | | | · | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | . ND | | 15 U | | | | | (|
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethene (total) | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| 2-Butanone | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| 2-Hexanone | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Acetone | ND | ***** | 15 U | | | | | |
| Benzene | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Bromodichloromethane | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Bromoform | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Bromomethane | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Carbon disulfide | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Carbon tetrachloride | ND | ***** | 15 U | | | | | |
| Chlorobenzene | ND | ***** | 15 U | | | | | |
| Chloroethane | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Chloroform | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Chloromethane | ND | ***** | 15 U | | | | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Dibromochloromethane | ND | **** | 15 U | | | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Methylene Chloride | ND | ***** | 15 U | | | | | |
| Styrene | ND | ***** | 15 U | | | | | |
| Tetrachloroethene | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Background Sampling Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | | 3 Times Maximum Background | | Left Riank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|---------------------------|------|----------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Toluene | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Trichloroethene | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Vinyl Chloride | · ND | | 15 U | | | | | |
| Xylenes (total) | ND | | 15 U | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Background Sampling Pesticides Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | 55001 55001 FDB27 08/22/94 | Left Hlank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 4,4'-DDD | ND | | 4.9 U | | | | | |
| 4,4'-DDE | ND | | 4.9 U | | | | | |
| 4,4'-DDT | ND | | 4.9 U | | | | | |
| Aldrin | . ND | | 2.5 U | | | | | |
| alpha-BHC | ND | | 2.5 U | | | | | |
| alpha-Chlordane | 0.35 | 1.05 | 0.35 J | , | | | | |
| beta-BHC | ND | | 2.5 U | | | | | |
| delta-BHC | ND | | 2.5 U | | | | | |
| Dieldrin | ND | | 4.9 U | | | | | |
| Endosulfan I | ND | | 2.5 U | | | | | |
| Endosulfan II | ND | | 4.9 U | | | | | |
| Endosulfan sulfate | ND | | 4.9 U | | | | | |
| Endrin | ND | | 4.9 U | | | | | |
| Endrin aldehyde | ND | | 4.9 U | | | | | |
| Endrin ketone | ND | **** | 4.9 U | | | | | |
| gamma-BHC (lindane) | ND | | 2.5 U | | | | | |
| gamma-Chlordane | 0.34 | 1.02 | 0.34 ј | | | | | |
| Heptachlor | ND | | O.14 J | | | | | |
| Heptachlor epoxide | ND | **** | 2.5 U | | | | | |
| Methoxychlor | ND | | 25 U | | | | | |
| Toxaphene | ND | | 250 υ | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Background Sampling Polychorinated Biphenyls Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | 200000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 3 Times Maximum Background | \$\$001 \$\$001 FDB27 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Perpose | Left Blank On Purposa |
|--------------|---|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Aroclor-1016 | ND | ***** | 49 U | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1221 | ND | ***** | 100 U | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1232 | ND | | 49 U | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1242 | · ND | | 49 U | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1248 | ND | | 49 U | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1254 | ND | ***** | 49 U | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1260 | ND | | 49 U | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Background Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| | Maximum | 3 Times Maximum | SS001 SS001 FDB27 | Left Blank On |
|------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Annlyte | Background | Background | 08/22/94 | Purpose | Purpose | Purpose | Purpose | Purpose |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ND | ***** | 490 U | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | · ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane) | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | ND | | 1200 U | , | | | | |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol | ND | ***** | 490 U | | | | | |
| 2,4-Dinitrophenol | ND | | 1200 ປ | | | | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 2-Chlorophenol | ND | **** | 490 U | | | | | |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 2-Methylphenol | ND | ***** | 490 U | | | | | |
| 2-Nitrosniline | ND | | 1200 ປ | | | | | |
| 2-Nitrophenol | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | ND | •••• | 490 U | | | | | |
| 3-Nitroaniline | ND | | 1200 U | | | | | |
| 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | ND | | 1200 U | | | | | |
| 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | ND | ***** | 490 U | | | | | |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 4-Chloroaniline | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 4-Methylphenol | ND | **** | 490 บ | | | | | |
| 4-Nitroaniline | ND | | 1200 ປ | | | | | |
| 4-Nitrophenol | ND | •••• | 1200 U | | | | | |
| Acenaphthene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Acenaphthylene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Background Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | \$\$001 \$\$001 FDB27 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blank On Purpose | Left Blenk On Purpose |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Anthracene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | 33 | 99 | 33 J | | | | l | |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | ND | ***** | 490 U | | | | | |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | 53 | 159 | 53 J | | | | | |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether | ND | ***** | 490 U | | | | | |
| bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | 130 | 390 | 130 J | | | | | |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Carbazole | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Chrysene | 83 | 249 | 83 J | | | | | |
| Di-n-butylphthalate | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | ND | **** | 490 U | | | | | |
| Dibenzofuran | ND | ***** | 490 U | | | _ | · | |
| Diethylphthalate | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Dimethylphthalate | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Fluoranthene | 68 | 204 | 68 1 | | | | | |
| Fluorene | ND | •••• | 490 U | | | | | |
| Hexachlorobenzene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Hexachloroethane | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | ND | **** | 490 U | | | | | |
| Isophorone | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |

(Continued) Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Background Sampling Semi-Volatile Organics Results (ug/kg)

| Analyte | Maximum Background | 3 Times Maximum Background | \$\$001 \$\$001 FDB27 08/22/94 | Left Blank On Purpose |
|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Naphthalene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Nitrobenzene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| Pentachlorophenol | ND | **** | 1200 U | | | | | |
| Phenanthrene | . 32 | 96 | 32 J | | | | | |
| Phenol | ND | **** | 490 U | | | | | |
| Pyrene | 52 | 156 | 52 J | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Background Sampling Metals Results (mg/kg)

| | | 3 Times Maximum | SS001 SS001 MEDP01 | Left Blank On |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Analyte | Maximum Background | Maximum Background | 08/22/94 | Purpose | Purpose | Purpose | Purpose | Purpose |
| ALUMINUM | 9330 | 27990 | 9330 | | | | | |
| ANTIMONY | 8.1 | 24.3 | 8.1 J | | , | | | |
| ARSENIC | 7.7 | 23.1 | 7.7 Jv | | | | | |
| BARIUM | 4920 | 14760 | 4920 | | | | | |
| BERYLLIUM | 0.7 | 2.1 | 0.7 | | | | | |
| CADMIUM | ND | | 1.1 U | | | | | |
| CALCIUM | 17300 | 51900 | 17300 | | | | | |
| CHROMIUM | 18.5 | 55.5 | 18.5 | | | | | |
| COBALT | 9.1 | 27.3 | 9.1 Jv | | | | | |
| COPPER | 32.8 | 98.4 | 32.8 J | | | | | |
| CYANIDE | ND | ***** | 0.71 บ | | | | | |
| IRON | 16400 | 49200 | 16400 | | | | | |
| LEAD | 117 | 351 | 117 | | | | | |
| MAGNESIUM | 4200 | 12600 | 4200 | | | | | |
| MANGANESE | 467 | 1401 | 467 | | | | | |
| MERCURY | ND | | 0.14 UJ | | | | | : |
| NICKEL | 27.2 | 81.6 | 27.2 | | | | | ļ |
| POTASSIUM | 1890 | 5670 | 1890 | | | | | |
| SELENIUM | 0.34 | 1.02 | 0.34 | | | | | |
| SILVER | 1.9 | 5.7 | 1.9 | | | | | |
| SODIUM | 164 | 492 | 164 | | | | | |
| THALLIUM | 0.53 | 1.59 | 0.53 | | | | | |
| VANADIUM | 23.7 | 71.1 | 23.7 | | | | | |
| ZINC | 206 | 618 | 206 | | | | | |

Delta Shipyard (CERCLIS ID LAD058475419) Soil Background Sampling Explosives Results (ug/kg)

| | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | 3 Times Maximum Background | 0.000000000000000000000000000000000000 | Left Blank On Purpose |
|--------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | ND | | 490 U | | | | | |

REFERENCE 13

GROUND WATER IN LOUISIANA

WATER RESOURCES BULLETIN No. 1



Published by
DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
LOUISIANA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
and
LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
Baton Rouge, La.
August 1960

the alluvium on the fringes of the valley. The sharp decrease in the depth of fresh water occurrence (pl. 3) marks the southern limit of flushing by fresh water in Pliocene deposits.

Yields of wells in the deposits of Pliocene age generally are less than those from the overlying Quaternary deposits. The largest known yield from Pliocene deposits in area 1 is about 1,000 gpm from a well at Oakdale, in Allen Parish. Only a few wells have been completed in strata of Pliocene age in area 1 mainly because of the availability of large quantities of water from the overlying Quaternary deposits. The primary reason for the development of this aquifer is to obtain water of a better quality than that from the overlying Quaternary deposits. Two analyses of water from the Pliocene in area 1 are included in table 7. These analyses indicate that the water is of the soft sodium bicarbonate type, but, both samples were greatly discolored, probably due to organic matter, and had a somewhat high total iron content. In addition, water from well Ev-142 contains fluoride in a concentration high enough to cause severe mottling of the teeth of children.

In area 2 many wells are completed in Pliocene deposits to take advantage of the good quality of water and high artesian head. Flowing wells are common throughout this area except in the Baton Rouge area where large withdrawals of water for municipal and industrial supplies have lowered the piezometric surface. The largest yield from the Pliocene sediments in area 2 is a natural flow of about 3,200 gpm from a municipal-supply well at Slidell.

Analyses of water from four wells in area 2 are listed in table 7. These analyses indicate that the water typically is the soft, sodium bicarbonate type. Other chemical constituents vary in concentration areally and with depth. Shallower wells generally yield acid-tending waters with lower dissolved-solids content and greater quantities of iron than water from the deeper wells. Three of the samples of water from area 2 were slightly discolored. This color would not be readily apparent, but one well (SL-166)

yields water which has a color higher than the limit of 20 set by the U.S. Public Health Service.

QUATERNARY SYSTEM

The Quaternary deposits of Louisiana are composed of sediments of Pleistocene and Recent age. The Pleistocene deposits are of two general types; an approximately coastwise, gulfward-thickening wedge of deltaic sediments and the relatively thin, veneerlike deposits which form the stream terraces and alluvial valley fills. The deposits of Recent age form a thin mantle of sand, silt, and clay restricted to stream valleys and coastal areas. The Recent deposits generally are thin and not important as aquifers; therefore, they are not differentiated from the deposits of Pleistocene age on plate 2. The deposits of Pleistocene age that have been divided into formations by Fisk (1938, 1940, and 1944) and Jones (1954) comprise several hydrologic units which do not coincide with the formations.

It is difficult to differentiate between the coastwise Quaternary deposits and the underlying Pliocene deposits in those areas where the basal Quaternary deposits are not gravelly. The lack of distinctive lithologic units at the contact of Pliocene and Quaternary deposits is illustrated by the composite electrical log of the Miocene, Pliocene, and Quaternary deposits (fig. 13). Thus, correlations must be considered approximate because of the lithologic similarity of the two deposits. The Quaternary deposits throughout the State are composed of gravel, sand, silt, and clay and range in thickness from less than 50 feet in central and northern Louisiana to more than 3,500 feet near the coast. They are shown as one unit on the fence diagram (pl. 2).

The Quaternary deposits, which blanket most of Louisiana (pl. 1 and fig. 16), yield about two-thirds of all the ground water pumped in the State. To describe the availability of fresh water the Quaternary deposits have been divided into upland and valley deposits. The relatively thin Quaternary valley deposits fill the major stream valleys and blanket the coastal areas. The Quaternary upland deposits also consist of two major groups—the rela-

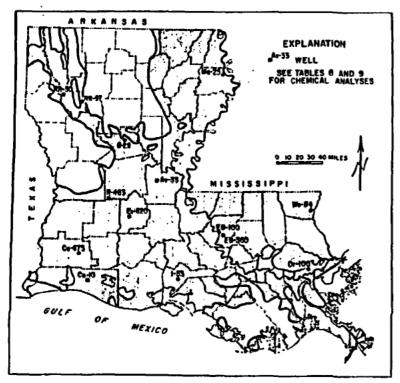


Figure 16. Map showing the approximate area where rocks of the Quaternary system contain fresh water.

tively thin terraced deposits which flank the stream valleys of northern Louisiana and the coastwise terraced deposits which dip and thicken toward the coast. (See pl. 2.)

QUATERNARY VALLEY DEPOSITS

The Quaternary valley deposits are recharged mainly from rainfall. The streams that flow across these deposits normally are effluent during most of the year, and ground-water discharge contributes significantly to the base flow of these streams. The hydraulic gradient near the streams is reversed during high-water stages, and the streams become influent for brief periods. However, on a yearly basis the discharge into streams exceeds the recharge from them. The valley deposits are recharged to a small extent from upward movement of water from underlying aquifers of Tertiary age and from lateral movement from adjacent

Quaternary upland deposits. Movement of ground water in the valley deposits is generally toward the major streams and downstream, because of the gradient imposed by topography.

The occurrence of fresh ground water is irregular in the lower Mississippi River valley. (See fig. 16—east of well I-53 and south of well Or-100.) The occurrence of fresh ground water in this area may be related to the positions of ancestral channels of the Mississippi River.

Valley deposits throughout much of the State are composed of sand and gravel near the base and become progressively finer grained toward the top. The basal sand and gravel is a prolific source of water and wells in deposits yield as much as 4,000 gpm.

Analyses of water from five wells completed in Quaternary valley deposits are given in table 8. These analyses show that the water generally is very hard and has a high total iron content. The hardness ranges from 228 ppm to 480 ppm. All the analyses listed in table 8 show a total iron content in excess of the U.S. Public Health Service's recommended limit of 0.3 ppm. However, the potentially high yields of wells in these deposits and the relatively low water temperature make these deposits an excellent source of water for irrigation and some industrial purposes.

QUATERNARY UPLAND DEPOSITS

TERRACED DEPOSITS OF NORTHERN LOUISIANA

The terraced deposits which flank the stream valued and cap the older formations in northern Louisiana are recharged by local rainfall. Ground water in these deposits generally is under water-table conditions and moves from topographically high positions to local stream valleys.

The terraced deposits generally are composed of a sedimentary sequence which ranges in grain size from coarse at the base to fine at the top, much like the deposits in the valley areas. The lower part of the section in many areas contains gravel, but the yields of wells completed in these deposits, generally are small because of the relatively thin saturated thickness of the deposits.

The analyses of water from two wells (G-29 and RR-97) completed in these deposits are given in table 9, and the locations of the wells are shown on figure 16. Water from these deposits has a very low dissolved-solids content and is soft. Excessive total iron concentrations (greater than 0.3 ppm) would require some treatment to make the water completely suitable for domestic use.

COASTWISE TERRACES AND THEIR SUBSURFACE EQUIVALENTS

The terraced deposits of northern Louisiana coalesce with their coastwise equivalent in the southern third of the State. The coastwise deposits gradually dip and thicken gulfward. These sediments have been named the Chicot reservoir in southwestern Louisiana (Jones, 1954, p. 138). The equivalent but finer textured sequence in southeastern Louisiana is unnamed.

The deposits are recharged mainly by rainfall in the outcrop areas throughout southern Louisiana. In southwestern Louisiana, because of heavy withdrawals there are several additional sources of recharge. These sources of recharge are from water moving through the confining beds (Jones, 1954, p. 170-172) and perennially or periodically from streams that incise the aguifers. Such recharge is undesirable where the water in the streams is salty, such as in the lower Vermilion River (Jones, 1954, p. 164-170). The hydraulic gradient in southwestern Louisiana in the recent past has been toward the Gulf of Mexico: however, heavy withdrawals for irrigation and industry have reversed the gradient along the coast and caused saline waters to move slowly northward. This movement is discussed by Jones (1954, p. 223-225), Fader (1957, p. 21), and Harder (1957, p. 158-160).

The coastal terrace deposits in southeastern Louisiana are a part of a larger hydraulic system. The distribution of head with depth in aquifers in the northern part of the area indicates that water from precipitation enters the terraced deposits, either in the outcrop area or through beds that are only partly confining, and migrates downward through the deposits and into the underlying aquifers. The land surface is underlain by clay in the southern part of

the area; however, some water from precipitation may migrate through this confining bed into the coastal terraced deposits. Deeper aquifers, which contain water under greater hydrostatic head, probably are additional sources of recharge.

Yields of wells completed in these deposits generally are large. The largest yield is about 6,000 gpm from a well for rice irrigation in southwestern Louisiana, where the average yield of irrigation wells is about 1,800 gpm. The potential yield of wells is less in the outcrop area because of the thinning of the aquifer.

The dissolved-solids content of the water is low in the outcrop areas of the coastal terraced deposits, as ty ed by the analysis of water from well R-463 (table 9). Mineralization of ground water increases downdip, as indicated by a comparison of the analyses of water from wells R-463 and Wa-54 with those of water from wells in the central and southern parts of the coastal area. (See table 9 and fig. 16.) The deposits in a large part of southwestern Louisiana and the northern part of southeastern Louisiana generally contain water having an objectionable quantity of iron. Wells R-463 and Wa-54, near the outcrop area, yield water having a relatively low pH and a high iron content. The water generally is soft in southeastern Louisiana; however, the water in southwestern Louisiana may increase in hardness as it moves downdip.

